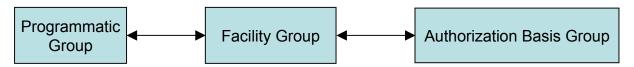
Nuclear Facility Category I Design Features for Safe Programmatic Operations

- 0.3 micron filters for gas sampling lines leaving glove boxes (99.997% particulate removal)
- Electrical feed-thrus for automated data acquisition (temperature, pressure, corrosion sensor, solenoid valves)
- Filtration between equipment exhaust (vacuum pumps, GC, MS) and facility exhaust
- Pressure relief devices to prevent over-pressurization
- Minimization of compression fittings (maximization of welded lines)
- Remote operations when large quantities of PuO₂ involved
- Laser enclosures and fiber optics for operation of Class 1 laser
- Fiber optic feed-thrus for glove box interface & remote data acquisition for Raman spectroscopy

Engineering Process for Changes to Safety Significant Feature in a Category I Nuclear Facility

Requires team work with multiple organizations for a successful project



- Programmatic Group prepares a Design Summary then obtains a Design Change Package number (DCP#) from Facility Group.
- Programmatic & Facility Engineers conduct a scoping meeting to identify design criteria.
- Programmatic Group identifies, mitigates and documents Process Hazards and develops design drawings to Laboratory Standards.
- DCP undergoes a 30/60/90/100% Design Review.
- The DCP package is forwarded to Authorization Basis Group for an Un-reviewed Safety Question (USQ) and Hazards Analysis (HA). Once complete, the package is returned to the Facility Group.
- Facility Group performs final review and authorizes/oversees the release of the DCP for implementation of design process.
- Construction/Post-Modification Testing are completed.
- Final package is inspected, closed-out and authorization is obtained for operation.

Monitoring system for PuO₂ containers requires specialized glove box interfaces

- •Gas samples drawn for analysis by gas chromatograph and mass spectroscopy.
- •Raman spectra can be taken inside the container using fiber optics.
- •All instrumentation is outside of the glove box line.
- Pressure and temperature continuously monitored.

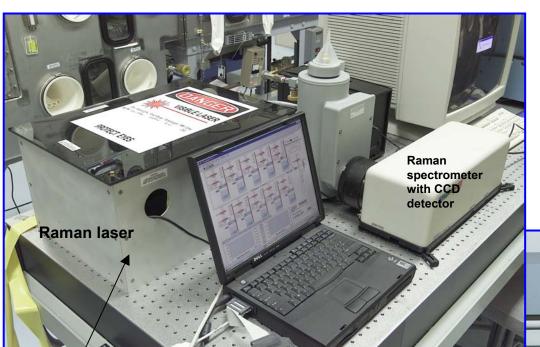


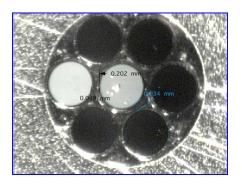
Engineering design features allow for safe sampling of gases inside PuO₂ containers.

- Gas sample removal requires HEPA filtration (contamination control),
- Heating of sample line (quantitative analysis of gases),
- Pressure monitoring, check valves, pressure regulators,
- Electrical feed-thrus for data acquisition (temperature, pressure, corrosion sensor)



Raman and Data Acquisition Systems



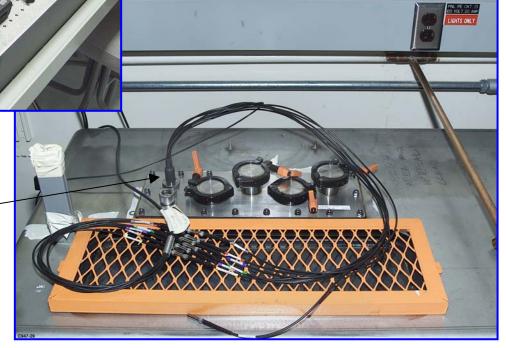


2 mm multi mode Raman fibers; 10 m long; 6 around 1 bundle

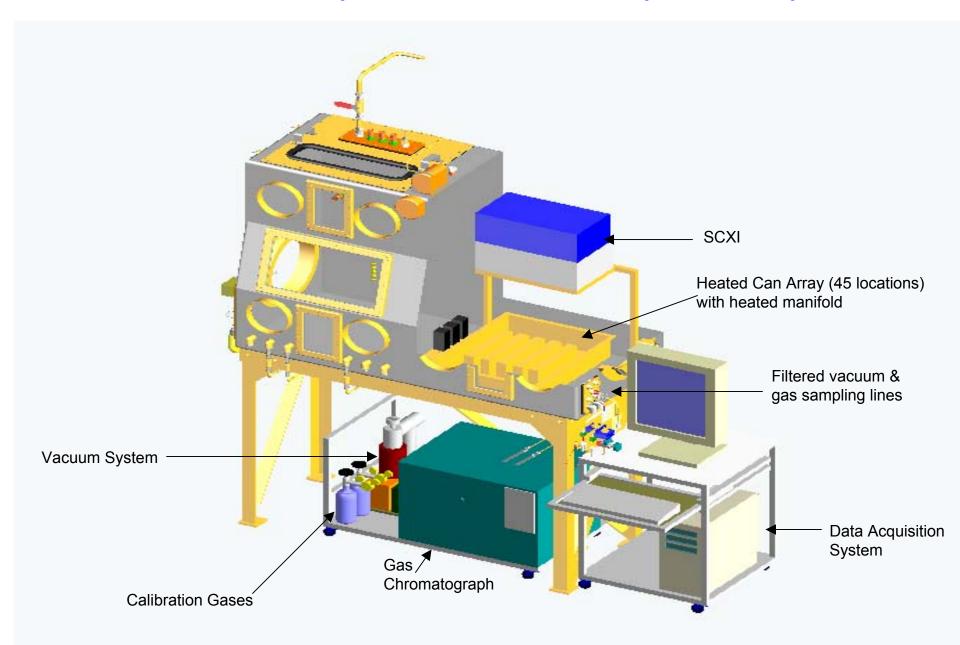
 Laser enclosure allows for Class 1 laser operation

Raman system includes fiber optic feed-thrus

 Computer interface / data acquisition allows for remote gas sampling (reduces radiation exposure)



Small-Scale Study Glove Box Assembly Cut Away View



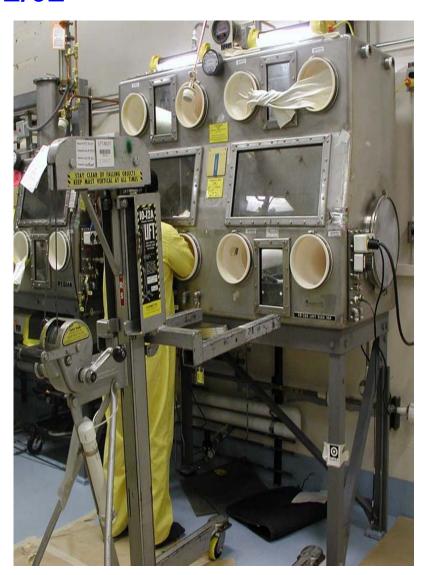
Small-Scale equipment introduced into a Pu glove box 9/12/02

Introduction thru a glove box window change

- Radioactive hot job (respirators, extra PPE),
- Special permits
- Pre-job discussions (SD-HCP & RWP)
- Non-rad. practice

Challenges

- Heavy equipment (70lb) with
 ~1/2 inch clearance
- Delicate wiring and gas manifold plumbing
- Glove box opened to room for brief period (<2 minutes)
- Multiple trained and experienced personnel required



Summary

- Unique design requirements for sealed Pu containers.
- Complex infrastructure required for surveillance of Plutonium oxide materials in a Cat.l Nuclear Facility.
- Engineering Process is comprehensive for glove box modifications and new activities.

- Multiple gas analysis techniques for the large scale study are performing as designed and data collection is continuous.
- Safe installation of small scale heated container array into a glove box has been completed.
- Glove box modifications for the small scale study are pending the completion of the engineering review process.